# IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) An organic semiconductor material comprising a compound having a substructure represented by Formula (10):

Formula (10)

$$\frac{}{} \left( A^{1} \right)_{n^{1}} \left( B \right)_{n^{b}} \left( A^{2} \right)_{n^{2}} \left( A^{3} \right)_{n^{3}}$$

wherein B represents a unit having an unsubstituted thiazole ring selected from the group consisting of Formula (11), Formula (12), and Formula (13),

# Formula (11)

# Formula (12)

# Formula (13)

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom,  $A^1$  and  $A^2$  each independently represent a unit divalent linking group having an alkyl group as a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group,  $n^b$  represents an integer of 1 - 20,  $n^1$  and  $n^2$  each independently represent an integer of 0 - 20, and  $n^3$  represents an integer of 0 - 10, wherein at least one of  $n^1$ ,  $n^2$ , and  $n^3$  is an integer of 1 - 10 or more.

# 2.-4. (Cancelled)

- 5. (Original) The organic semiconductor material of claim 1, wherein, in Formula (10), B represents a unit having plurality of thiazole rings connected consecutively, and at least one of  $n^1$ ,  $n^2$  and  $n^3$  is an integer of 1 or more.
- 6. (Original) An organic transistor having the organic semiconductor of claim 1 in an active layer.
- 7. (Original) A field effect transistor comprising an organic charge transport material and a gate electrode directly or indirectly contacting with the organic charge transport material, a current in the organic charge transport material being controlled by a voltage applied between the gate electrode and the organic charge transport material,

\_\_\_\_\_wherein the organic charge transport material is the organic semiconductor material of claim 1.

8. (Original) A switching element comprising the field effect transistor of claim 7.

9. (Currently Amended) An organic semiconductor material comprising a compound having a thiazole moiety represented by Formula (1), <del>(1-1), (1-2), (1-3), (1-4), (2), (2-1), (2-2), (2-3), (2-4), (3), (3-1), (3-2), (3-3), (3-4), (4), (4-1), (4-2), (4-3), or (4-4):</del>

Formula (1)

$$A^{4} = \left(A^{1}\right)_{n1} \left(\begin{matrix} R \\ -N \\ S \end{matrix}\right)_{n4} \left(A^{2}\right)_{n2} \left(A^{3}\right)_{n3} = A^{5}$$

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom,  $A^1$  and  $A^2$  each independently represent a unit divalent linking group having an alkyl group as a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group,  $A^4$  and  $A^5$  each represent a substituent, n represents an integer of 1 - 10, n1 and n2 each independently represent an integer of 0 - 20, n3 represents an integer of 0 - 10, and n4 represents an integer of  $\frac{1}{202-20}$ , wherein at least one of n1, n2, n3 is an integer of 1 or more,

Formula (1-2)

$$A^4 = \left(\begin{array}{c} R \\ N \\ S \end{array}\right)_{n4} \left(A^3\right)_{n3} = A^5$$

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group,  $A^4$  and  $A^5$  each represent a substituent, n represents an integer of 1 - 10, and n4 represents an integer of 1 - 202-20,

Formula (1-3)

$$A^{4} = \left(\begin{pmatrix} R \\ N \\ S \end{pmatrix}_{n4} + \left(A^{2}\right)_{n2} + \left(A^{3}\right)_{n3} + A^{5}$$

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom,  $A^2$  represents a <u>divalent linking group unit</u>-having an alkyl group as a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group,  $A^4$  and  $A^5$  each represent a substituent, n represents an integer of 1 - 10, n2 represents an integer of 1 - 20, n3 represents an integer of 0 - 10, and n4 represents an integer of 1 - 202-20,

Formula (1-4)

$$A^4 = \left(A^1\right)_{n1} \left(\begin{matrix} R \\ N \end{matrix}\right)_{n4} \left(A^3\right)_{n3} = A^5$$

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom,  $A^1$  represents a <u>divalent linking group unit-having</u> an alkyl group as a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group,  $A^4$  and  $A^5$  each represent a substituent, n represents an integer of 1-10, n1 represents an integer of 1-20, n3 represents an integer of 0-10, and n4 represents an integer of 1-20-20,

Formula (2)

$$A^{4} = \left(A^{1}\right)_{n1} \left(\begin{array}{c} R \\ N \\ S \end{array}\right)_{n2} \left(A^{2}\right)_{n2} \left(A^{3}\right)_{n3} A^{5}$$

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom, A<sup>1</sup> and A<sup>2</sup> each independently represent a <u>divalent</u> linking group unit having an alkyl group as a substituent, A<sup>3</sup> represents a divalent linking group, A<sup>4</sup>

and  $A^5$  each represent a substituent, n represents an integer of 1 - 10, n1 and n2 each independently represent an integer of 0 - 20, n3 represents an integer of 0 - 10, and n5 represents an integer of 1 - 20, wherein at least one of n1, n2, and n3 is an integer of 1 or more,

## Formula (2-2)

$$A^4 = \begin{pmatrix} R & S & A^3 \\ S & N & N \\ R & N^5 & N \end{pmatrix}_{n5} A^5$$

wherein represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group,  $A^4$  and  $A^5$  each represent a substituent, n represents an integer of 1-10, n3 represents an integer of 1-10, and n5 represents an integer of 1-20,

## Formula (2-3)

$$A^{4} = \left(\begin{array}{c} R \\ N \\ S \end{array}\right) \left(\begin{array}{c} A^{2} \\ N \\ R \end{array}\right)_{n5} \left(\begin{array}{c} A^{2} \\ N \end{array}\right)_{n3} \left(\begin{array}{c} A^{3} \\ N \end{array}\right)_{n3} \left(\begin{array}{c} A^{5} \\ N \end{array}\right)_{n5} \left(\begin{array}{c} A^{3} \\ N \end{array}\right)_{n5} \left(\begin{array}{c} A^$$

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom,  $A^2$  represents a <u>divalent linking group unit-having</u> an alkyl group as a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group,  $A^4$  and  $A^5$  each represent a substituent, n represents an integer of 1-10, n2 represents an integer of 1-20, n3 represents an integer of 0-10, and n5 represents an integer of 1-20,

#### Formula (2-4)

$$A^{4} = \left(A^{1}\right)_{n1} \left(\begin{array}{c} R \\ N \\ S \end{array}\right)_{nS} \left(A^{3}\right)_{n3} A^{5}$$

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom,  $A^1$  and  $A^3$  each represent a <u>divalent linking group</u> unit-having an alkyl group as a substituent,  $A^4$  and  $A^5$  each represent a substituent, n represents an integer of 1-10, n1 represents an integer of 1-20, n3 represents an integer of 0-10, and n5 represents an integer of 1-20,

## Formula (3)

$$\frac{\left(A^{1}\right)_{n1}\left(R^{N}\right)_{n4}\left(A^{2}\right)_{n2}\left(A^{3}\right)_{n3}}{\left(A^{3}\right)_{n4}\left(A^{3}\right)_{n4}\left(A^{3}\right)_{n4}\left(A^{3}\right)_{n4}}$$

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom,  $A^1$  and  $A^2$  each independently represent a <u>divalent</u> linking group unit-having an alkyl group as a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group, n1 and n2 each independently represent an integer of 0-20, n3 represents an integer of 0-10, n4 represents an integer of 1-202-20, and n represents a number of repeating monomer segments or a degree of polymerization in a polymer, wherein at least one of n1, n2, and n3 is an integer of 1 or more,

#### Formula (3-2)

$$\left\{ \left( \begin{array}{c} R \\ S \end{array} \right)_{n4} \left( A^3 \right)_{n3} \right\}_{n}$$

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group, n3 represents an integer of 1 - 10, n4 represents an integer of 1 - 202-20, and n represents a number of repeating monomer segments or a degree of polymerization in a polymer,

Formula (3-3)

$$\frac{\left(\begin{pmatrix} R \\ N \end{pmatrix}_{n4} \left(A^2\right)_{n2} \left(A^3\right)_{n3}\right)_{n}}{\left(A^2\right)_{n2} \left(A^3\right)_{n3}}$$

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom,  $A^2$  represents a <u>divalent linking group unit</u>-having an alkyl group as a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group, n2 represents an integer of 1-20, n3 represents an integer of 0-10, n4 represents an integer of 1-20, and n represents a number of repeating monomer segments or a degree of polymerization in a polymer,

Formula (3-4)

$$\left[ \left( A^{3} \right)_{n1} \left( \begin{matrix} R \\ S \end{matrix} \right)_{n4} \left( A^{3} \right)_{n3} \right]_{n}$$

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom,  $A^1$  represents a <u>divalent linking group unit-having</u> an alkyl group as a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group, n1 represents an integer of 1-20, n3 represents an integer of 0 – 10, n4 represents an integer of  $\frac{1}{202-20}$ , and n represents a number of repeating monomer segments or a degree of polymerization in a polymer,

## Formula (4)

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wherein R represents a hydrogen atom,  $A^1$  and  $A^2$  each independently represent a <u>divalent</u> linking group unit having an alkyl group as a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group, n1 and n2 each independently represent an integer of 0 - 20, n3 represents an integer of 0 - 10, n5 represents an integer of 1-20, and n represents a number of repeating monomer segments or a degree of polymerization in a polymer, wherein at least one of n1, n2, and n3 is an integer of 1 or more,

## Formula (4-2)

$$\begin{bmatrix}
R \\
N \\
S
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
R \\
N \\
R
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
A^{3} \\
B^{3}
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
A^{3} \\
B^{3}
\end{bmatrix}$$

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group, n3 represents an integer of 1 - 10, n5 represents an integer of 1 - 20, and n represents a number of repeating monomer segments or a degree of polymerization in a polymer,

#### Formula (4-3)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R & S & (A^2)_{n2} & (A^3)_{n3} \\
R & N & N_{n5} & (A^3)_{n2} & (A^3)_{n3} & R
\end{array}$$

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom,  $A^2$  represents a <u>divalent linking group unit</u>-having an alkyl group as a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group, n2 represents an integer of 1-20, n3 represents an integer of 0 – 10, n5 represents an integer of 1 – 20, and n represents a number of repeating monomer segments or a degree of polymerization in a polymer,

## Formula (4-4)

wherein R represents a hydrogen atom,  $A^1$  represents a <u>divalent linking group unit</u>-having an alkyl group as a substituent,  $A^3$  represents a divalent linking group, n1 represents an integer of 1-20, n3 represents an integer of 0 – 10, n5 represents an integer of 1 – 20, and n represents a number of repeating monomer segments or a degree of polymerization in a polymer.

- 10. (Original) The organic semiconductor material of claim 9, wherein the compound having the thiazole moiety is a polymer.
- 11. (Cancelled)
- 12. (Cancelled)

13. (Original) The organic semiconductor material of claim 9, wherein the compound having the thiazole moiety has an average molecular weight of 1000 - 200000.